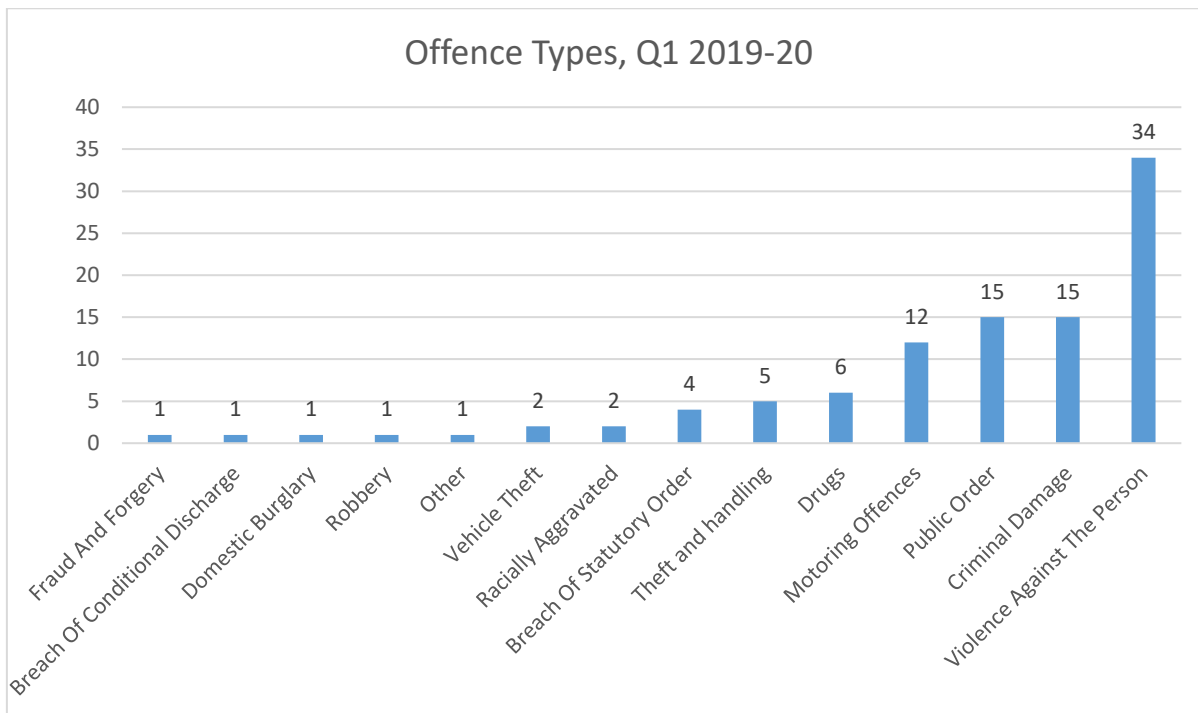


YOT Board Performance Reports, Q1 2019-20 Data

Youth Crime Overview

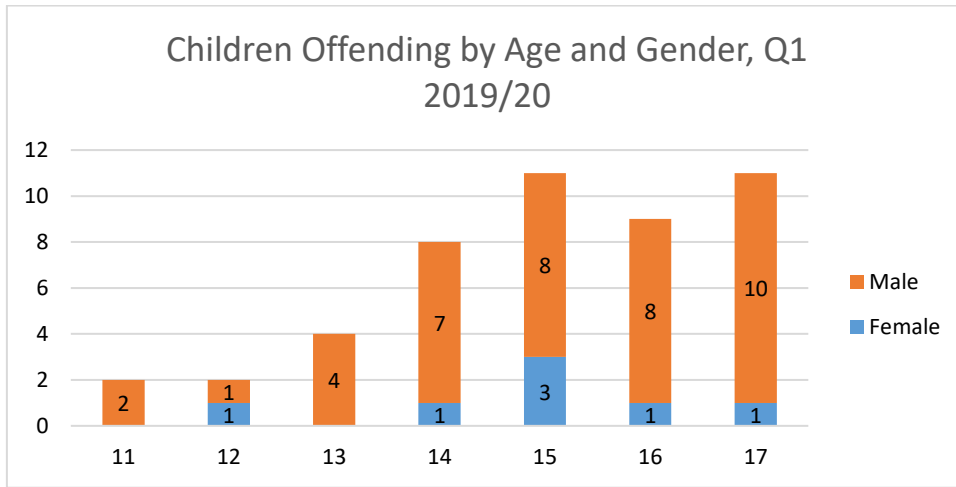
1. So far in 2019/20, there have been outcomes¹ for 100 offences committed by 47 10-17 year olds; 2.1 offences per child. It is therefore projected that there will be around 400 offences for the whole year by approx. 188 children.
2. This projection represents a decrease on previous years: 550 offences in 2018/19 by 212 10-17 year olds; 758 offences in 2016/17 by 290 children, and 695 offences in 2015/16 by 337 children. Thus, the data, to date, suggests that youth crime and the numbers of children involved is continuing to fall locally.
3. Offence Types, Q1 2019/20:



4. The majority of offences are Violence Against the Person (34%), Criminal Damage (15%) and Public Order (15%). This has been the general trend for several years, although in this Quarter Violence offences have seen a slightly higher proportional rise against last year. In the year to date, there have been no Arson, Breaches of Bail, Fraud, Non-Domestic Burglaries or Sexual Offences by children.
5. Of the 47 children committing an offence, so far, in 2019/20, 40 were male and 7 female (85% and 15%). 11% of offences were committed by BME children and those with an Unknown Category (the latter tending to be those receiving a community resolution where ethnicity isn't recorded).

¹ Police / Court Outcomes

6. Ages:

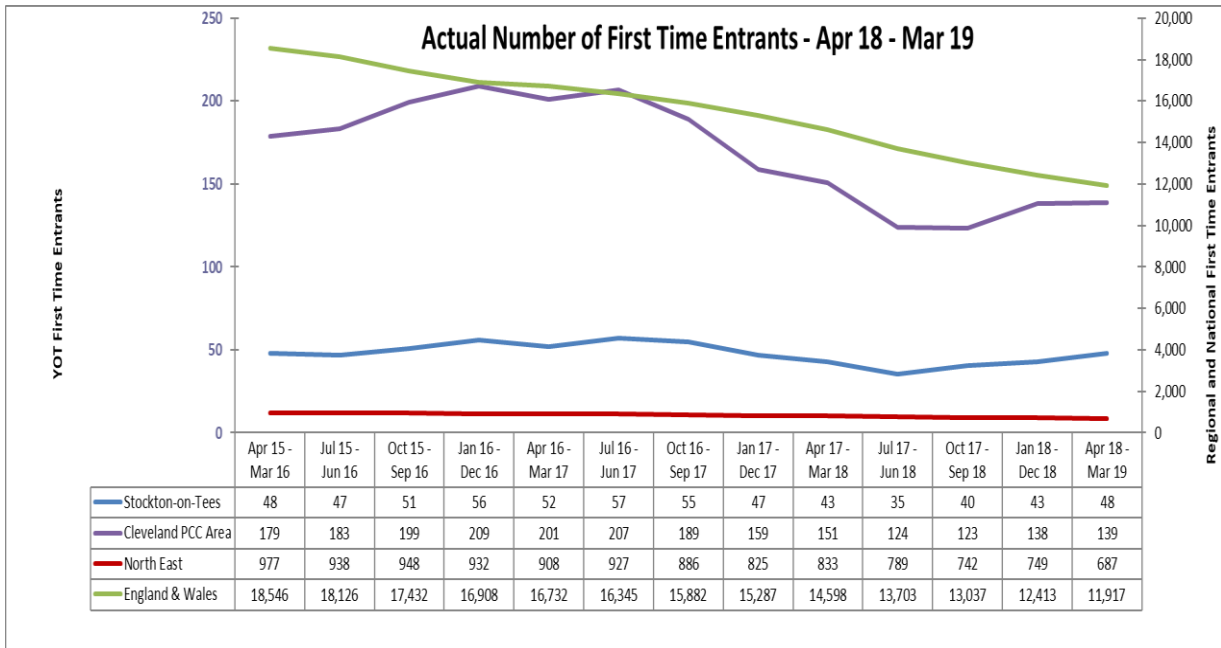


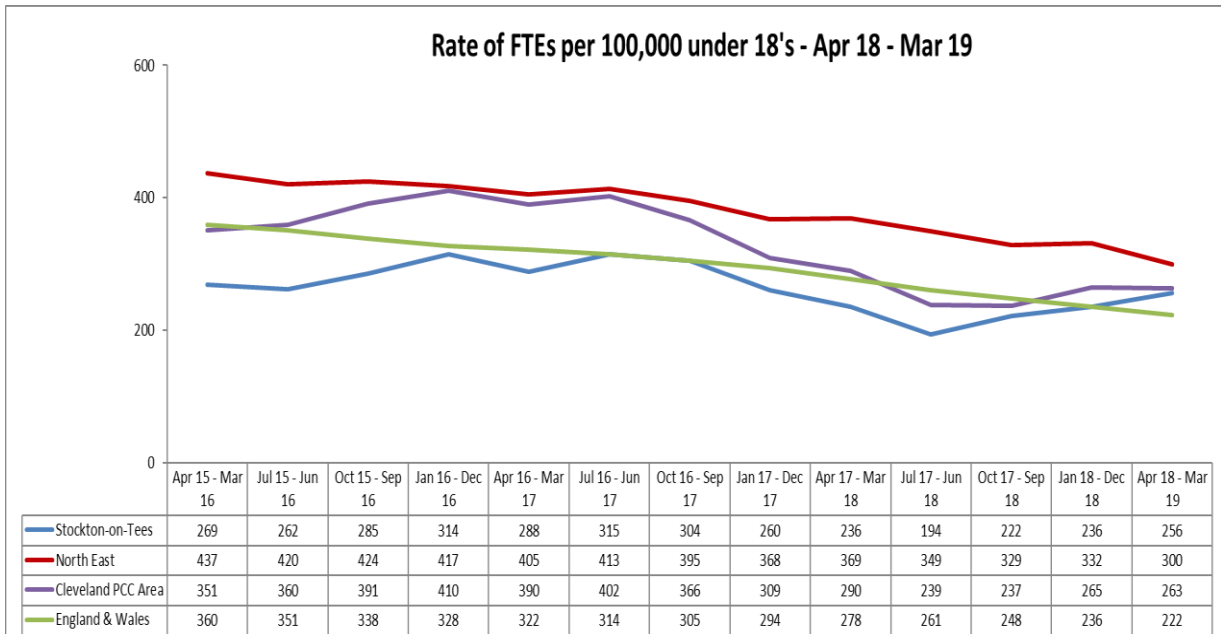
The peak age for offending for males was 14-17 years old and for females, 15.

OUTCOMES - Youth justice indicators: *Using national Youth Justice Performance Data*

RAG Rating	
	Reduce first time entrants to the youth justice system
	Reduce reoffending
	Reduce use of custody

First Time Entrants: National Performance Data



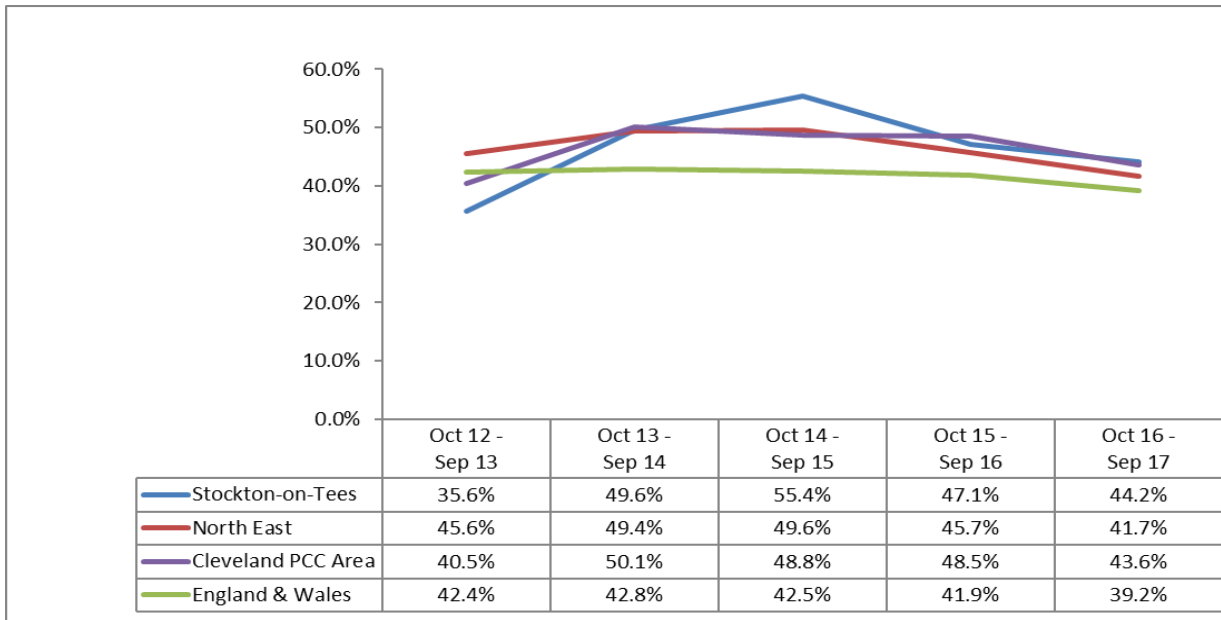


7. Local FTE performance is strong. Although the numbers and rates of FTEs has been rising since Jul 17 - Jun 18 they have still been lower than the majority of the benchmarks, however Apr 18 – Mar 19 was the first time since Jul 16 – Jul 17 we have been higher than the England and Wales rate of FTE’s

8. Local tracking of FTE’s shows that we have had 10 in Q1 in 2019/20, compared to 14 in the same period in the previous year. The YOT will monitor this to see if this is reflected in the national data. Forecasting for the year would suggest that there will be 40 FTE’s.

Reoffending Rates:

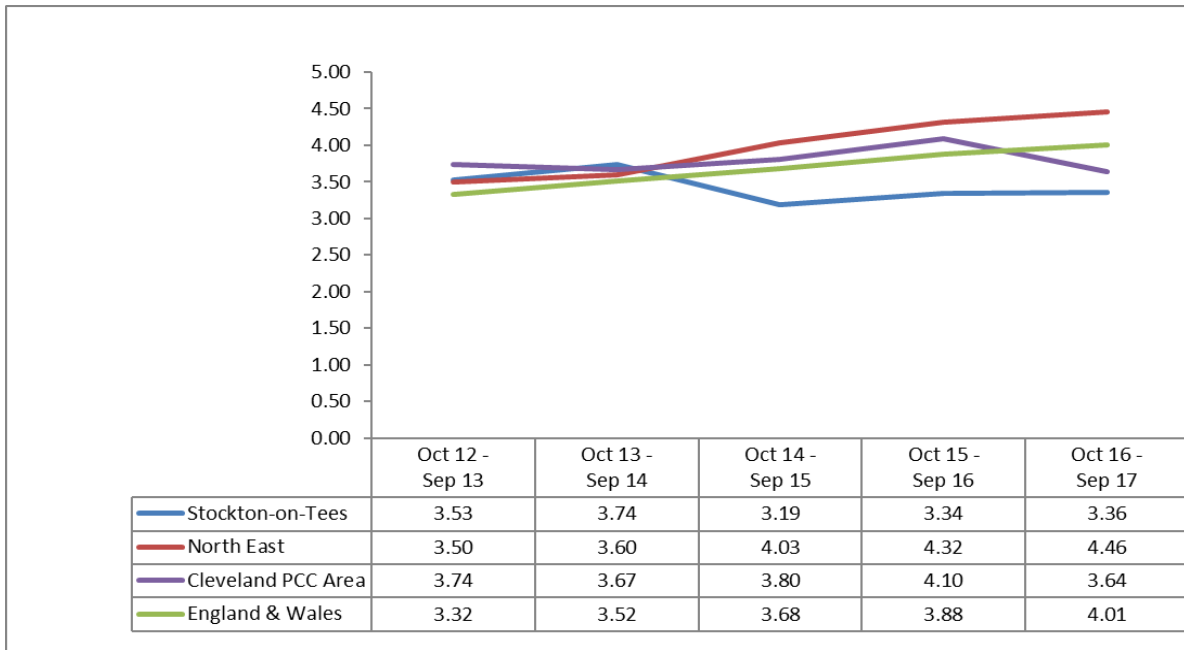
Reoffender Rates: % of reoffenders in the overall offending cohort (Binary Rate)



9. As can be seen, this is a mixed area of performance.

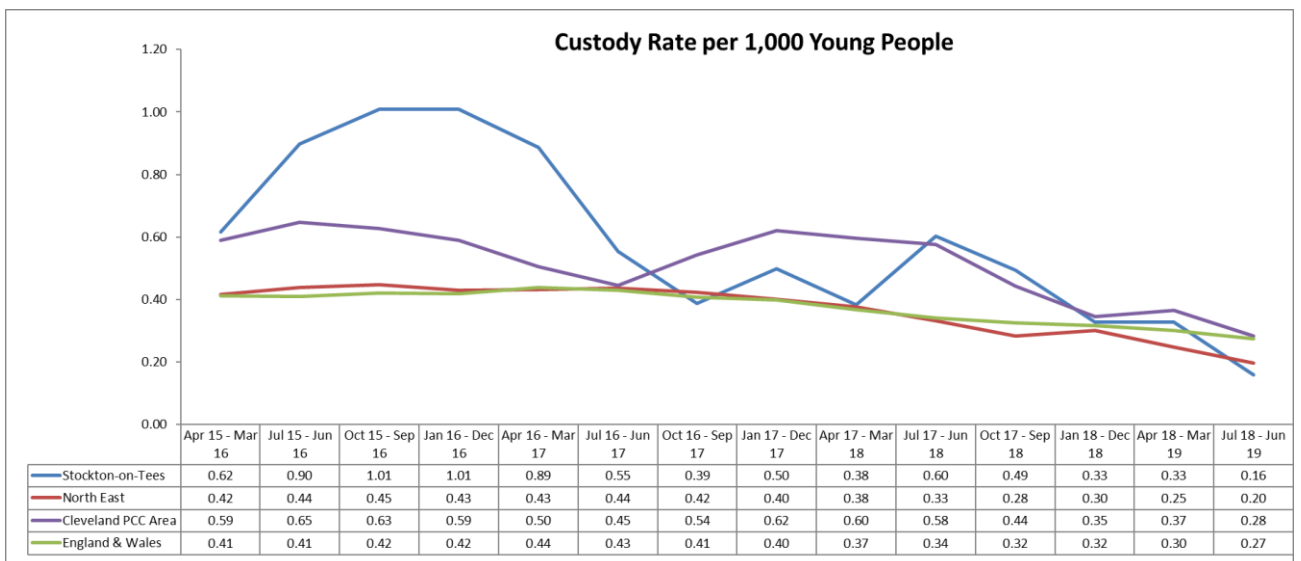
10. Here in Stockton, we have had higher levels of reoffenders amongst the overall cohort, although this is decreasing. A probable explanation for this is the introduction of triage and other out of court disposals in 2013 which significantly increased the numbers of children diverted away from the youth justice system, meaning that those children who couldn't be diverted and were therefore left 'in the system' were those most likely to reoffend. It is also worth noting that although Stockton's figures are higher than others they are continuing to reduce.

Reoffending Rates: Reoffences per Reoffender



11. When exploring the reoffending rate, which is the reoffences per reoffender, the local picture is also positive. Even though Stockton has a higher proportion of reoffenders, the number of reoffences being committed by them is lower than all the other comparators.

Custody Rate:



12. Custody rates in Stockton have remained higher than in all regions historically, however the rates have reduced below all the other rates for the period Jul 18 – Jun 19.
13. A lot of activity has been placed upon reducing custodial rates in Stockton, and as is evidenced, there looks to be successes from these activities.